

Name: _____

Hour: _____

VIDEO WORKSHEET

Review

Directions: After watching “*Design: The Elements*”, answer the following questions.

1. What are the four elements of design?

2. Define the following types of line:

Vertical –

Horizontal –

Diagonal –

Curved –

3. Vertical lines in fashion make people look _____ and _____.



4. Horizontal lines in interior design make rooms look _____ than it appears.

5. What is the difference between symmetrical and asymmetrical shape?

6. What does our brain do when we encounter an asymmetrical shape?

7. What is texture?

8. Define the following color terms:

Hue –

Value –

Tint –

Shade –

Chroma –

9. What are tertiary colors?

10. Metals can be either warm or cool in color. Which metals are considered warm?

Which metals are considered cool?

11. Why do fashion designers need to think about heat when designing clothing?

12. Balance is when two sides are roughly equal. Define the following types of balance:

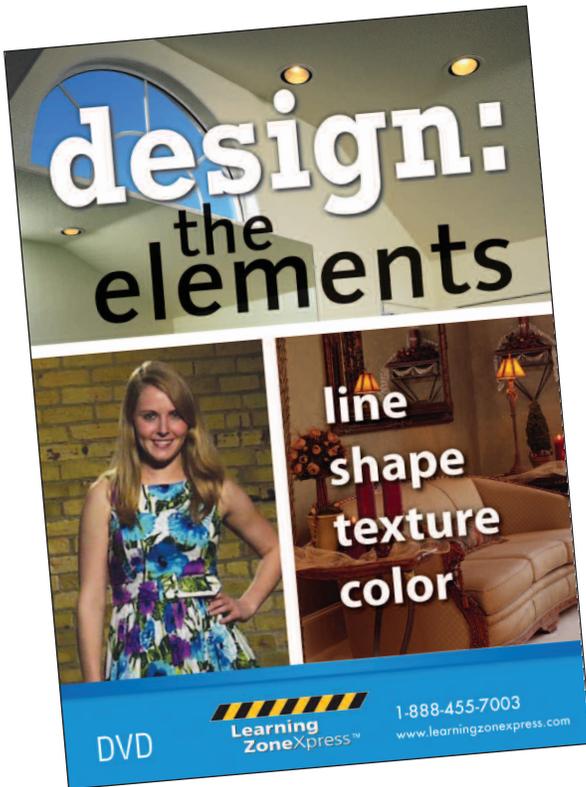
Symmetrical balance –

Asymmetrical balance –

Radial balance –

Vertical balance –

Horizontal balance –



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TEACHER'S KEY

Review

Directions: After watching “Design: The Elements”, answer the following questions.

1. What are the four elements of design?

Line

Shape (Form)

Texture

Color

2. Define the following types of line:

Vertical – **Anything taller than it is wide**

Horizontal – **Anything wider than it is tall**

Diagonal – **Line that is tipping or leaning**

Curved – **Line that bends, twists, or curves**

3. Vertical lines in fashion make people look slimmer and taller.



4. Horizontal lines in interior design make rooms look **wider** than it appears.
5. What is the difference between symmetrical and asymmetrical shape?
***Symmetrical shape is when the top and bottom or the two sides of a shape are the same.
Asymmetrical shape is when 2 sides of a shape do not match.***
6. What does our brain do when we encounter an asymmetrical shape?
When we encounter an asymmetrical shape, our brain automatically searches for the closest symmetrical shape to compare it to. For example, when we see a mountain, we may compare it to a triangle.
7. What is texture?
Texture is the way something might look or feel, such as a velvet dress, a prickly cactus or a rough rock.
8. Define the following color terms:
Hue – ***the name of a color***

Value – ***how light or dark a color is***

Tint – ***the addition of white to a color***

Shade – ***the addition of black to color***

Chroma – ***the purity (intensity or saturation) of a color***
9. What are tertiary colors?
Colors made by mixing a primary and secondary color together.
10. Metals can be either warm or cool in color. Which metals are considered warm?
Gold, bronze, copper

Which metals are considered cool?
Silver, aluminum, chrome, steel
11. Why do fashion designers need to think about heat when designing clothing?
Fashion designers must think about heat because lighter colors physically absorb less heat than darker colors. White objects may absorb as little as 10% of light rays hitting the surface while black objects may absorb as 95% of light rays.
12. Balance is when two sides are roughly equal. Define the following types of balance:
Symmetrical balance – ***equal weight on top and bottom, left and right, or both (also called formal balance)***

Asymmetrical balance – ***sides are balanced but not equal***

Radial balance – ***design radiates out from a central point***

Vertical balance – ***match visual weight of top half to bottom***

Horizontal balance – ***design is balanced from left to right***